# The Gity Schad Boys Campus North Nazimabad Mathematics 

## Class-11

## Task No.1:

Do the following Past Paper Questions:

1. June 2000 P2 Q. 11
2. Dec 2001 P2 Q. 11
3. Nov 2008 P2 Q. 11
4. June 2001 P2 Q. 10
5. Dec 2004 P1 Q. 13

## Task No.2:

Do the worksheet on Number Pattern and Sequences:
4. For each sequence of patterns, draw the next two shapes and find the next 3 numbers in the sequence.
(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

5. Find the first number in each of the sequences.
(a) $\square$ , $6,11,16,21, \ldots$
(b) $\square$ , $7,9,11,13, \ldots$
(c) $\square$ , $6,5,4,3, \cdots$
(d) $\square$ , 19, 28, 37, 46, $\ldots$
(e) $\square$ , $12,9,6,3, \ldots$
6. Copy each sequence and write in the next three terms.
(a) $1,4,9,16,25, \ldots$
(b) $2,5,10,17,26, \ldots$
(c) $0,3,7,12,18, \ldots$
(d) $6,12,20,30,42$,
(e) $0.5,2.0,4.5,8.0,12.5, \ldots$
7. Copy each sequence and fill in the missing numbers.
(a) $2,4, \quad \square, 16,32, \ldots$
(b) $100,81,64, \square, 36, \ldots$
(c) $6,9, \quad \square, 21,30, \ldots$
(d) $0,1.5,4, \quad \square, 12, \ldots$
(e) $1,7,17, \square, 49, \ldots$
8. Write down the next two terms in each sequence.
(a) $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \ldots$
(b) $\frac{9}{11}, \frac{8}{12}, \frac{7}{13}, \frac{6}{14}, \ldots$
(c) $\frac{3}{6}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{9}{9}, \ldots$
(d) $\frac{2}{1}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{5}{16}, \ldots$
(e) $\frac{0}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{8}{10}, \frac{15}{17}, \ldots$
J. For each sequence, write down the difference between each term an formula for the $n$th term.
(a) $3,5,7,9,11, \ldots$
(b) $5,11,17,23,29, \ldots$
(c) $4,7,10,13,16, \ldots$
(d) $2,5,8,11,14, \ldots$
(e) $6,10,14,18,22, \ldots$
4. (a) What formula gives the sequence

$$
4, \quad 8, \quad 12, \quad 16, \quad 20, \ldots
$$

(b) What formula gives the sequence that is the multiples of 5 ?
5. (a) What is the formula for the $n$th term of this sequence?

$$
7, \quad 14, \quad 21, \quad 28, \quad 35, \ldots
$$

(b) How can you get this sequence from the sequence in (a)?

$$
8, \quad 15, \quad 22, \quad 29, \quad 36, \ldots
$$

(c) What is the formula for the $n$th term of the sequence in (b)?
7. Write down the formula for the $n$th term of each of these sequences.
(a) $3,6,9,12,15, \ldots$
(b) $5,12,19,26,33, \ldots$
(c) $21,29,37,45,53, \ldots$
(d) $8,11,14,17,20, \ldots$
(e) $1,4,7,10,13, \ldots$
(f) $103,106,109,112,115, \ldots$
8. (a) Explain why the formula for the $n$th term of this sequence,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10} \text {, } \\
& \text { is } \frac{1}{2 n} \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

(b) What is the formula for the $n$th term of this sequence?

$$
\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{11}, \ldots
$$

9. Find formulae for the $n$th term of each of these sequences.
(a) $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{5}{6}, \ldots$
(b) $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{6}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{5}{8}, \ldots$
(c) $\frac{1}{10}, \frac{2}{11}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{4}{13}, \frac{5}{14}, \ldots$
(d) $\frac{2}{8}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{6}{10}, \frac{8}{11}, \frac{10}{12}, \ldots$
(e) $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{6}{6}, \frac{9}{7}, \frac{12}{8}, \frac{15}{9}, \ldots$
10. The formula for the $n$th term of this sequence is $n^{2}$.

$$
1, \quad 4, \quad 9, \quad 16, \quad 25, \ldots
$$

What is the formula for the $n$th term of the following sequences?
(a) $0,3,8,15,24, \ldots$
(b) $10,13,18,25,34, \ldots$
(c) $2,8,18,32,50, \ldots$
(d) $1,8,27,64,125, \ldots$

