Find the range, lower quartile, median, upper quartile and interquartile range for the following set of data.
a) $7,6,4,8,2,5,10$
b) $63,80,54,70,51,72,64,66$
c) $14,18,22,10,27,32,40,16,9$
d) $138,164,250,184,102,244,168,207,98,86$
e) $10.4,8.5,13.1,11.8,6.7,22.4,4.9,2.7,15.1$

The graph shows the cumulative frequency curve of the daily earnings of 50 employees in a company.

(a) Use the graph to estimate
(i) the median, the lower and upper quartiles,
(ii) the interquartile range.
(b) Find
(i) the 20th percentile
(ii) the 90th percentile
of the daily earnings of the employees.
(c) Estimate the percentage of the employees' earnings which are higher than $\$ 50$.
3. The graph shows the cumulative frequency curves of the daily travelling expenses of 800 in two schools, $A$ and $B$.


Use the graph to
(a) estimate the median travelling expenses of the pupils from
(i) School $A$,
(ii) School $B$;
(b) find the interquartile range of the travelling expenses of
(i) School $A$,
(ii) School $B$;
(c) find (i) the 30th percentile,
(ii) the 80th percentile
of the travelling expenses of the pupils of School $B$;
(d) state, with a reason, which school's pupils spent more on the daily travelling.

All the students from two classes, $A$ and $B$, took the same general knowledge competition. The cumulative frequency curves show the results for the two classes.

(a) Estimate the lower quartile, median and upper quartile in Class $A$.
(b) How many students are there in Class $B$ ?
(c) Find the interquartile range of Class $B$.
(d) Estimate the percentage of the students from Class $B$ who received a gold award, if the mark for gold award is more than 40 .
(e) Gauss said that Class $B$ performed better in the competition than Class $A$. Do you agree? Give a reason for your answer.

The following are the PSI (Pollutant Standards Index) of two cities measured in 10 days.
City $X$

| 80 | 65 | 21 | 81 | 16 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 23 | 37 | 42 | 50 | 53 |

(a) For each city, find
(i) the range,
(ii) the median, and
(iii) the interquartile range of the PSI.
(b) Which data set shows a greater spread?
(c) Comment briefly on the air quality of the two cities.
6. The following diagram is the cumulative frequency curve for the length of 600 leaves fromate

(a) Use the graph to find
(i) the median length,
(ii) the interquartile range.
(b) Given that $65 \%$ of the leaves are considered as healthy, use the graph to find the shortest length of the healthy leaves.
(c) Copy and complete the following frequency distribution table:

| Length $(x \mathbf{~ m m})$ | Number of Leaves |
| :---: | :---: |
| $20<x \leq 25$ | 20 |
| $25<x \leq 30$ | 60 |
| $30<x \leq 35$ |  |
| $35<x \leq 40$ |  |
| $40<x \leq 45$ |  |
| $45<x \leq 50$ |  |

d) Draw a histogram to represent the frequency distribution in (c).

